



Name _____ Class _____ Date _____

AFTER THIS WORKSHEET YOU CAN

- ✓ Distinguish scalar fields from vector fields.
- ✓ Evaluate a vector field at a given point.
- ✓ Recognise the gradient, divergence and curl operations.
- ✓ Give real-world examples of vector fields.



Section A • Concept Check

• BEGINNER

4 × 1 = 4 _____

- 1 $F(x,y) = (x^2, y^2)$ at (2,1) = ?
☐ A. (4, 1) ☐ B. (2, 1) ☐ C. (1, 4) ☐ D. (4, 2)
- 2 $F(x,y) = (3y, -3x)$ at (1,2) = ?
☐ A. (6, -3) ☐ B. (3, -1) ☐ C. (2, -6) ☐ D. (-3, 6)
- 3 $f(x,y) = xy$ is a:
☐ A. vector field ☐ B. scalar field ☐ C. matrix
☐ D. constant
- 4 $F(x,y,z) = (x, y, z)$ is a:
☐ A. scalar field ☐ B. vector field ☐ C. number
☐ D. plane



Section B • Problem Solving

• INTERMEDIATE

2 + 3 × 3 = 11 _____

- 5 A _____ field assigns a single number to each point.
- 6 A _____ field assigns a vector to each point.
- 7 Given $F(x,y) = (x^2, y^2)$, find F at (2,1).

- 8 Given $F(x,y) = (3y, -3x)$, find F at (1,2).

- 9 Is $f(x,y) = xy$ a scalar or vector field?



Section C • Challenge

• CHALLENGE

5 _____

- 10 Is $F(x,y,z) = (x, y, z)$ a scalar or vector field?

Reflection — the most useful thing I learned: _____

A ___/4 B ___/11 C ___/5 Total ___/20

Teacher's Signature _____

Parent's Signature _____

ANSWER KEY — FOLD OR CUT BEFORE HANDING OUT

1-A 2-A 3-B 4-B | 5 scalar 6 vector 7 = (4, 1) 8 = (6, -3) 9 = Scalar field | 10 = Vector field